

The Kentuckian.

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HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, SATURDAY, MAY, 10, 1919.

Small Doses

Secretary Baker says that every American soldier will be home by August.

The President will cable his message to Congress and get home about June 1.

Conserve the surplus water now and there'll be no drouth next summer.

Cleveland is the only city in the country with gumption enough to fix her own clock.

Repealing the act that falsifies time should be one of the first acts of Congress when it meets May 19.

New York now claims to be larger than London and is looking forward to next year's census to prove it.

The phone rate increase ordered by Postmaster General Burleson is now in the Supreme Court on test cases from four states.

Queen Elizabeth, of Belgium, has been given the degree of Doctor of Medicine by the University of Liege, by reason of her work as a war nurse.

The peace conference used 80,000 words to draft the peace treaty and yet Marse Henry Watterson covered the case five years ago with only seven words.

Moses, of New Hampshire, is one of the few Senators knocking on the peace treaty. Let us hope that he will be Moses to lead the Republicans in the wilderness for the next forty years.

The newspapers of Japan have started a vigorous anti-American campaign. Abuse of President Wilson appears in many of them. Japan seems to be sore at being caught with a hand in poor old China's pocket.

Stensson, back from the Arctic, urges Canada to stock her sub-Arctic region with reindeer and musk-ox and raise them for both milk and meat, while the musk-ox would also produce wool. He says Arctic Alaska will produce 7000,000 reindeer, making a supply of meat seven times as great as Canada's present mutton supply.

"Captain C. W. F. Morgan, R. A. F. F. R. G. S." a navigator with Aviator Raynham, who failed to start, is writing articles in Newfoundland papers belittling the American trans-Atlantic flight. If all the Britishers were handicapped like Alphabet, it is no wonder they failed to make the first leg of the journey.

The Kentuckian has been sent from time to time to hundreds of its old subscribers and large numbers of them have sent in their subscriptions. In addition several thousand sample copies are being sent to all parts of the county. We now have a rapidly increasing list, not only in Christian but in all adjacent counties. Those who have received sample copies or receive this issue will probably not get another for some time. Remember the Kentuckian costs you only four cents a week by mail and for \$2.75 we will send you both the Kentuckian and the Daily Evansville Courier till October 1st, eight papers in a week.

Ten years ago Barksdale Hamlett was one of the most brilliant young men in Kentucky. Married to one of the most beautiful women in Kentucky, occupying a position of high social and professional standing, Superintendent of the Hopkinsville City Schools, Superintendent of the Sunday School of the First Baptist Church, president of the Atheneum Society, Hopkinsville's most exclusive literary organization, he seemingly had much to live for and everything to encourage him to a career of honor and usefulness. The tale of his downfall is pitiable one. His friends know too well the story of his weakness. His faults are buried with him in a premature grave. Peace to his ashes!

The fact that Gov. Jas. D. Black was elected Lieutenant Governor by more than 800 majority when a part of the ticket was defeated in 1915, shows that he possesses a positive strength with the people. It does not help other candidates for Governor to attempt to belittle him. It would be far more becoming to recognize his services at a time when every vote was needed, than to deny that he gave strength to a hard pressed ticket. Gov. Black won his nomination for lieutenant governor in spite of the calculations of slate-makers and the management of the subsequent campaign was not his choosing, and yet he won by a safe majority on merit alone. If Governor Black is defeated for the Democratic nomination, it will not be because he would be a weak candidate. Figures do not lie.



SENATOR A. O. STANLEY.

Upon the meeting of Congress on May 19th Gov. A. O. Stanley will resign as Governor of Kentucky and be succeeded by Lieut. Governor Jas. D. Black, of Barbourville. Senator Stanley served 12 years in the House prior to 1915 when he was elected Governor. In the House he won wide prominence as chairman of a special committee to investigate the steel trust.

THREE START TWO GET THERE

TRANS-ATLANTIC PLANES MAKE
FIRST 525 MILES IN NINE
HOURS.

THE NC-4 LOST BY THE WAY
All Three Planes Had Radio Tele-
phone and Telegraph and Ra-
dio Compass Installation.

Washington, May 9.—With two of the three naval seaplanes which started from Rockaway, Long Island yesterday morning on the first leg of the trans-Atlantic flight, arrived safely at Halifax, navy officials were bending every energy to locate the third, missing since early in the afternoon.

No report of the missing machine the NC-4, commanded by Lieut. Commander A. C. Read, had been received after the machine passed the destroyer McDermut, first station ship located more than sixty miles north of Cape Cod and half way to Halifax.

Orders were issued at once sending the McDermut and the next ship beyond, the Kimberly, in search of the missing plane. Commander Read had reported just before reaching the McDermut that the oil pump on one of his motors was giving trouble and he might have to come down. Later the NC-1, reported to Commander Towers in the NC-3 that the trouble had been repaired.

Commander Towers, with the NC-1 and NC-3 made the trip to Halifax in a fraction less than nine hours, the distance on the map over the course they took being 525 miles. These two planes went through the test in such fashion as to convince officials here that prospects for reaching Plymouth, England, the ultimate goal of the navy airmen, were exceedingly bright.

PROF. WALLER RE-ELECTED

Superintendent J. C. Waller and
Four Principals Are Again
Chosen.

The Board of Trustees of the white schools have had one meeting and Supt. J. C. Waller and four principals were all re-elected.

Prof. G. C. Koffman of High School and Miss Mary Walker for Belmont, Miss. Lottie McDaniel for Virginia and Mrs. Sallie Moss for West Side were the principals. The teachers will be elected Monday night.

In opening the session of the peace conference, M. Clemenceau, the pre-

(Continued On Page Five.)

siding officer, speaking to the German plenipotentiaries, said:

"It is unnecessary to express needless words. You have before you the plenipotentiaries of the small and great powers united in this most cruel war, which was imposed upon them. The hour has arrived for a heavy settlement of the account."

Paul Dutasta, secretary general of the peace conference, delivered a copy of the treaty to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German delegation, who made a brief reply.

Count von Brockdorff said:

"We declare that we do not deny the extent of our defeat. We know the power of the German armies is broken."

He was unable to admit that Germany was solely culpable and demand that the allies make peace according to President Wilson's points.

Germany pledged itself to repair the wrong done to Belgium and gave assurance of the restitution of the territories in northern France.

The peace pact, on which the leading statesmen of the various nations, together with a swarm of experts from the principal countries involved have been working since the convening of the peace conference on Jan. 8, is introduced by an extensive preamble embodying the assertion of authority upon which the treaty is based.

Immediately following in the first chapter, the covenant of the league of nations, the text of which already has been printed.

Of the fourteen point sections, one contains stipulations with regard to frontiers which materially change the map of Europe. Military, naval and air terms are dealt with in another section, while still another is devoted to the subject of reparations. Political stipulations for Europe on the one hand and outside of it on the other, are dealt with separate divisions of the document.

The treaty as it is has to do with Germany alone, except insofar as it is required that she accept agreements made by the allies with the other central powers. The document, long as it is, is shorter than was indicated by some of the foresters which estimated its length at 100,000 words.

The treaty is not printed in German. The text is French and English on opposite pages.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau asked for the release of German prisoners and said that Germany had adopted the league of nations.

GERMANY'S PUNISHMENT
FOR STARTING THE WAR

New York, May 4.—The terms of the peace treaty handed to the German delegates Wednesday provide the following:

Germany recognizes the league of nations but is non-participating.

Allies to try the former Kaiser for crimes against international morality.

Germany restores Alsace-Lorraine to France.

Saar Basin is internationalized temporarily.

Danzig is internationalized.

Independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland recognized.

Poland gets most of Upper Silesia. Germany renounces colonies.

German army reduced to 100,000 men and officers.

German conscription abolished.

German naval and air force abolished.

Allies to occupy German territory until reparation is made.

Now comes our own great state in the effort to safeguard the farmer by establishing the price of tobacco.

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212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Royalty Getting Scarce.

The cable's announcement from London, later denied, that Princess Mary of England, only daughter of King George V and Queen Mary, was to marry the Earl of Dalkeith, eldest son of the Duke of Buccleuch, directs attention to the difficulty the English royal family is having in perpetuating the royal strain.

It is only recently that the Princess Patricia of Connaught married a commander of the royal navy. The King's only daughter is not unlikely to marry outside royalty despite the denial of her espousal to the Earl of Dalkeith.

But the most concern of the English Royal family is the making of a suitable match for his royal highness, the Prince of Wales.

With royalty deposed in Germany, Austria and Russia, as a result of the war, choice of a royal consort for England's future king has narrowed down to Italy, Spain, Holland, Belgium and the Scandinavian countries.

In the early days of the peace conference while the Prince of Wales was in Paris, Queen Marguerite of Italy visited the French capital with her two daughters. It was common report that the purpose of her visit was to afford the Prince of Wales an opportunity of meeting the two princesses with the view of an engagement. Both King George and King Emmanuel, it is said, would have made such an engagement.

It may, or it may not have been significant that immediately after the visit of the Italian Princesses to meet the Prince of Wales in Paris, the report came out of London that his royal highness would probably be affianced to one of the very young daughters of King Alfonso.

The posthumous award by the French government of the Croix de Guerre to the Misses Dorothy and Gladys Cromwell, of New York, American Red Cross Canteen workers and nurses' aides, who, worn out by their labors at the front ended their lives last January by leaping from the steamer on which they were returning home, was reported to National headquarters of the Red Cross today. The presentation was made by General Gouraud, of the French Fourth Army, the ceremony taking place at Strasbourg.

The Misses Cromwell saw duty with General Gouraud's army at Chalons, where they began canteen work in January, 1918, and in presenting the crosses the French commander told of the deep appreciation felt by the French for the work the young women did.

William F. Broening, Republican, present state's attorney for Baltimore, was elected mayor of that city by a plurality of about 9,000 over George Weems Williams, Democrat. Peter E. Tome, Republican, was elected comptroller. The Democrats elected a majority of both branches of city councils, including Howard Bryant for president of the second branch.

The latest report from the War Department gives the total American deaths in this war as 111,179. Of this number 43 per cent were killed in battle. Six per cent died from other injuries of various sorts. That leaves fifty one per cent killed by disease. There have been 12,000 deaths since hostilities ceased.

The Government's loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of this year was \$130,000,000, according to reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission while the Government was obligated under the railroad control to pay the companies \$170,000,000.

Eight persons were killed and many injured in a fire at Columbus, O., that destroyed an apartment house.

Congress has been called to meet about two weeks earlier than expected and the President has started a wholesale hustle among the politicians. The new Congressmen and Senators are in a fever of excitement for fear they will arrive late and delay the organization.

1624 people attended Sunday School at the Baptist Church in Bowling Green Sunday, the total in all churches being 3,206.

The Bowling Green Home Telephone Company has agreed to refund the phone increase in the event the Supreme Court decides the raise was illegal. The injunction suit has been withdrawn by reason of this agreement and the hold-up is in force conditionally.

As a basis of resuming participation in the peace negotiations, Premier Orlando accepted a proposal that Italy administer Fiume "as a mandatory of the league of nations until 1923, after which Fiume will revert to Italian sovereignty."

Mayor Gatlin, of Madisonville, has announced that he will rigidly enforce all traffic laws. The Bowling Green accident has made several cities take notice. The Harrisburg Democrat sounds a note of warning.

While cleaning the cellar for summer season, Mrs. Hallie Nayrocker came across an Irish potato vine which was sprouting and had grown 7 feet in search of the open air, in Bowling Green.

Secretary Baker has announced that by August the last forces will have been withdrawn from France. He said this estimate was based on the movement of 300,000 men a month to the United States.

Allen county reports in Wednesday's Louisville Herald that sixty-nine oil wells have been completed, with eight dry holes and one gas well, and a new production of 2,247 barrels.

\$2,500 PER YEAR NEEDED

To Keep Wolf From Door Of The Average U. S. Family.

Washington, May 6.—It requires \$2,500 a year to keep the average American family government investigators have found. Furthermore, the cost of living throughout the United States still is soaring.

Of those who depend upon a \$2,500 yearly income few families are able to show a surplus of \$100 at the year's end; can save as much as \$50 while a large number have nothing to show but a deficit. Forty percent of the income of the average family goes for food—the largest single item in the list. Clothing calls for 15 per cent, rent about 14 per cent, and light 5 per cent, with expenditures of furnishings about the same.

These figures were announced today by the Department of Labor, which has made a year's survey of living conditions in the United States.

Concrete Examples Taken.

How family budgets in most large cities work out for the year is indicated by the income and expense accounts of 518 families in New York City.

With an average of 4.9 persons per family in this group the expenses were recorded as follows:

Food, \$640.92; clothing, \$253.68; rent, \$214.62; fuel and lights, \$64.30; furniture \$51.05; miscellaneous, expense, \$284.35; total, \$1,508.35.

Out of the total average expenses per family in New York City, the labor department investigators found that the total average surplus was only \$30.67 a year.

The investigation shows that approximately 20 per cent of the total income is all "that the average family" has left after making necessary expenditures for food, clothing, rent, light and heat and furniture. Out of this 20 per cent surplus must come "all fees for medical attention, charges of amusements, entertainments, donations to churches, education and other incidental expenses."

Retail prices of twenty-two articles of food jumped an average of 2 per cent in March, as compared with February. Compared with March, 1918, the increase is 13 per cent.

Onions went up 40 per cent, and cabbage, which soared 23 per cent in March, and compared with February, showed the greatest increases of the twenty-two articles of food. Butter went up 14 per cent and oranges 14 per cent over February prices. Coffee and tea each increased 3 per cent during the month.

Families whose incomes resulted from business or other sources were not included in the survey. Of family groups picked for study, the largest group included was not that whose annual incomes ranged from \$900 to \$1200. Another large group had incomes between \$1,200 and \$1,500. Incomes from other groups ranged from \$1800 to \$2000 and from \$2100 to \$2500.

And right on top of this official survey Prof. W. S. Ogburn, in a talk today on economics at the conference on child welfare standards under auspices of the children's bureau of the Department of Labor, declared that it costs on an average a little more than \$100 a year to feed a child between the period of its birth and the age of 16 years. He declared that the average income of families was too small to provide children with the requisites of life.

Mrs. Esther Dehoney, of Columbia, Ky., was 101 years old May 2. She is bold and hearty.

REPUBLICANS HAVE OWN TROUBLES NOW
Friction Among "Progressives" and "Standpatters" Disquiets Party Leaders.

DIVINE RIGHT OF KINGS IDEA STILL HOLDS HUN MINDS

UNTIL IT IS ERADICATED GERMANY MUST BE WATCHED CLOSELY FOR SOME TIME

CAN THEY COME BACK

Question Raised After Jack Johnson Whipped Jim Jeffries Is Revived.

Do you recall the day Jim Jeffries, heavy-weight pugilist, fought Jack Johnson, the giant negro, for the world's championship of the ring? Do you recall the fact that following that fight it became an axiom that "They never come back?"

It seems that way. Napoleon attempted it and failed. Emperor Nicholas, the "Little Father of all the Russians," did not come back. Nor did old Abdul the Damned, old Sultan Abdul-Hamid. Nor did King Constantine of Greece, who played the German game in the Egean.

The rule that held in the prize ring seems to hold in the field of statecraft—and yet. Don't forget that the royalist party in what used to be imperial Germany is a powerful one. Prince Henry of Prussia long since sounded the call to the believers in king and kultur.

The Hun took a whipping, but it is hard to say that the old spirit is conquered. Kaiser Bills may never hold the same power in Hunland that they held a few months ago, but the "Divine Rights of Kings" has a powerful hold on the German mind.

So, with the making of a peace and the taking of guarantees and the firing of cannon announcing the end of the war—all is not done. The plain truth is that Germany must be watched a long time yet. States that have been rent apart have a way of putting themselves together again. That is why the armies of the allies must be maintained in considerable strength. That is why the American soldiers are not all home from France.

The allies are believers in democracy and the old Prussianism is a believer in autocracy. The two systems will not mix. They will mix no more than oil and water. Merely setting up a government in Germany, that looks all right, will hardly convince the allies. The country must be quieted. There must be no doubt that Germany is going back to work, back to the ways of peace, back to paying her indemnities and to her legitimate business.

Until all that is done we will be paying something of the price of war. This payment will take the shape of money as well as men, for the men must be maintained there. Wherefore comes the Victory Liberty Loan, the loan that is to guarantee the right kind of a peace.

APPEALS TO THE GRANGE

"Victory Liberty" is Slogan Given by Thomas C. Atkeson to the American Farmers.

Thomas C. Atkeson, Washington representative of the National Grange, has made a strong appeal to Grange members throughout the United States in behalf of the Victory Liberty Loan, in a letter sent to the officers of every farm Grange, with the request that it be passed on to the members. Mr. Atkeson said:

"Victory Liberty" is the slogan of the new loan. These two words visualize all that is best in American spirit. American farmers must respond to this appeal.

It is time to get into the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. No appeal of the war has gone unanswered to the full limit when brought to the attention of the farmers. The answer must be the same in the coming drive.

IF YOU FAIL to pay your personal business debts you can only be placed in jail. If you fail to lend your just share to pay the nation's war debts you will be called a slacker. You know what your share is.

FOR PERMANENT PEACE AND PROSPERITY BUY VICTORY LOAN NOTES.

WEEKLY PAYMENT PLAN.

The weekly payment plan in previous Liberty Loans for purchasers of \$50 bonds will be continued in the Victory Loan campaign, which opens Monday, according to W. R. Compton, director of the war loans in the Eighth Federal Reserve District.
Under the weekly payment plan purchasers of the \$50 notes must make a cash payment before May 10 and the remainder in 22 weekly payments for 23 weeks. Only the \$50 notes will be sold on the payment plan, but there is no limit to the number of notes that one buyer may take. In the last campaign there were 735,000 buyers of the \$50 bonds in the Eighth District. Mr. Compton has announced.

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Bolero, Bandeaux and Surplice patterns, in filmy lace effects over silks and satins; also delicate batistes, daintily trimmed with lace and embroideries; making W. B. Brassieres second only to W. B. Corsets as form-beautifiers.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR W. B. FORMU BRASSIERES.

W. B. CORSETS

W. B. NUFORM Corsets for slender and average figures. The low-priced corset with high-priced qualities. W. B. REDUSO Corsets for stout figures—reduce one to five inches and you look ten to twenty pounds lighter.

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Is yours through the use of GAS and
GAS APPLIANCES. Get a GAS
RANGE and WATER HEATER. You
will then be insured of immediate ser-
vice. Ask your neighbor, who uses gas.

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NEW PRESIDENT

Of The Jefferson Davis Memorial
Association, Is Gen. W. B.
Haldeman.

At a meeting of the board of direc-
tors of the Jefferson Davis Home Asso-
ciation in the directors' room of the
Louisville National Bank Company, Gen. W. B. Haldeman was
unanimously elected president of the
association, to succeed the late Ben-
nett H. Young.

Efforts will be made at once to get
together the necessary funds to com-
plete the monument now under con-
struction to the memory of President
Davis. This obelisk, when finished,
will be the second highest monument
in the world, being 351 feet high. At
the present time it has reached the
height of almost 200 feet. It is de-
sired that the work be resumed on
the shaft without delay, so that the
unveiling, and dedication may take
place during the coming fall.

WILL ENLARGE SHERIFF'S OFFICE

Fiscal Court Orders Plans For An
Addition to Courthouse.

At the regular meeting of the Fis-
cal court held Tuesday afternoon,
Judge Champlin named Magistrates
Woodburn, Stevenson and Moore as
a committee to look into the matter
of erecting an addition to the court-
house to relieve the crowded condition
now existing in the Sheriff's office.
The matter was thoroughly dis-
cussed and it was proposed to build
the addition in the rear of the sher-
iff's office. The new part will be two-
stories, having a room opening into the
circuit court room. This will be
used by the Circuit Clerk during the
court sessions and also as a consulta-
tion room. Plans will be drawn and
the work of construction begun as
soon as the committee makes it re-
port.

Road Engineers Hamby was in-
structed to secure bids for the erec-
tion of a twenty-foot iron bridge
across West Fork on Rock Bridge and
Cole's Chapel road. Mr. Hamby was
also instructed to buy the new road
grades.

Appeal to Psychologists:
We are going in strong for psychol-
ogy and invite assistance. Why is it
that whenever sheriffs, marshals and
constables have their photographs
taken they invariably wear their hats?
—Houston Post.

COMPARING NOTES.

(Cassell's Saturday Journal.)
It seemed that when Rastus and
Sam died they took different routes,
so when the latter got to heaven, he
called Rastus on the prone.

"Rastus," he said, "how do you
like it down there?"

"Oh, boy! Dis am some place,"
replied Rastus. "All we has ter do
is ter wear a red suit wid horns, an'
ebry now an' den shovel some coal
on de fire. We don't work no more
than two hours out ob de twenty-
four down here. But tell me, Sam,
how is it wid you up yonder?"

"Mah goodness! We has ter git
up at four o'clock in de mawnin' an'
gathah in de stahs, den we has ter
haul in der moon and hang out de
sun. Den we has ter roll de clouds
aroun' all day long."

"But, Sam, how comes it yo' has
ter work so hard?"

"Well, to tell de truf, Rastus, we's
kinder short o' help up here."

Army Camps Sold.
Approval of the sale of twelve
army camps, eight national guard
concentration sites and four small
miscellaneous camps, for a total of
more than \$648,000 was announced
by acting Secretary Crowell.

War department officials evidenced
satisfaction with the results obtained
in the material covered by the sale con-
sisting almost exclusively of hastily
constructed buildings and some stored
equipment. In the case of buildings,
the government has reserved
for its own use the base hospitals
and storage warehouses.

Old Man Harris

Editor of the Kentucky Oil Journal,
of Louisville, has made scores of
his readers from \$100 to \$800 on
"inside tips" on investments of from
\$10 to \$200 in oil and mining stocks
—tells what is good buys and what
is bad—free to his subscribers only.
Sample copy free. Map of Kentucky
oil fields, 16 1-2x25 inches —wash
drawing and a beauty—free to agents
who will take subscription for me
among their friends. The Journal is
16 pages, illustrated—now \$2 per
year—soon \$3. 411-12 Inter-South-
ern Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been
in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains
neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its
age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has
been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence,
Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising
therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids
the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

AT CLARK'S

WHY not let us have your business? We
can furnish you sugar and flour in barrel
lots, will give you the best prices that can be
had; also have bacon and lard in hundred
pound lots.

We carry a complete line of Fine Granite,
Glass and China Ware; most anything you
may want in these lines. Give us a call when
in need of these articles.

Give us your business and we will appreciate
same. Make us your headquarters when in
the city.

We buy Country Produce. Call us and get
our prices.

C. R. Clark & Co.

Incorporated

Phones: 79 and 118.

New Grocery

I have opened a grocery NEAR MOGUL WAG-
ON FACTORY ON CLARKSVILLE PIKE.

I have a fresh stock of groceries and can make
you the best prices. Also pay highest prices for produce.
Am in business to please and serve the people.
Give me a trial.

W. H. Hill,

Phone 762

REAL VALUES

IN

Real Estate

E. C. RADFORD In H. D. Wallace's Office
Phone 305

HAMLETT DIES IN SANITARIUM

ASCRIBED TO NERVOUS BREAK-DOWN WHICH FOLLOWED PERIOD OF DISSIPATION

DIVORCE SUIT WAS PENDING

Was Head of the City Schools Here For Several Years Prior to 1911.



BARKSDALE HAMLETT.

Louisville, Ky., May 8.—Barksdale Hamlett, aged 40, former superintendent of public instruction, and editor of the Adair County News, died at the Beechurst Sanitarium here last night at 8:45 o'clock, from weakness following a nervous breakdown. Mr. Hamlett who has been in declining health for months, was forced to take to his bed several weeks ago and later was brought to the sanitarium here for treatment.

Was Democratic Leader.

The death of Mr. Hamlett removes from Kentucky politics one of the former Democratic leaders and educators of the state. He has held positions as superintendent of the city schools at Hopkinsville, principal of the Barret Manual Training High School at Henderson, and served for four years as superintendent of public instruction in Kentucky.

Born in Prince Edward County, Va., February 3, 1879, Mr. Hamlett was educated in the public schools of Virginia and at Hampden-Sidney College of the same state. He was the son of Coleman and Alice R. Hamlett, who reside at the old home in Virginia.

He married Miss Daisy Crume, of Hardin county, Ky., in May, 1899, and three children have been born as a result of the union. He was a prominent lodge man, being a member of the Masons, Elks, K. of P. and Woodmen of the World.

Held Positions of Honor.

In addition, he has held all positions of honor in the educational association of the state. As president of the Kentucky Educational Association and under his leadership, this association was incorporated and made to become a more powerful factor in shaping the educational policies of the state.

Besides his parents and wife and three children, the oldest a boy of 17, Mr. Hamlett is survived by one brother, J. G. Hamlett, prominent attorney, of Farmersville, Va. The funeral arrangements have not been made pending advices from the family, but the body will probably be taken to the old home at Farmersville for burial. The body was removed to Pearson's undertaking chapel, at Third and Chestnut street last night.

Mrs. Hamlett, a month ago sued for divorce and \$4,000 yearly alimony. Mrs. Hamlett charged in her petition that her husband was confirmed in the habit of drunkenness, which she declared had increased in the past few months. Mrs. Hamlett says in her petition she owns and has published the Adair County News, and that when her husband was intoxicated he would collect and waste the receipts of the paper.

The wife asked that Mr. Hamlett be enjoined from interfering with the management of the paper and from disturbing or annoying her at home. She also asked custody of their children, Edward C. Hamlett, 17; Barksdale Hamlett, Jr., and Margaret Hamlett, 3.

Remember Mother Tomorrow. Use Flowers. Metcalfe has them.

All kinds of flowers for Mother's Day at METCALFE'S.

Germany says she will sign but will not say. A way will be found.

RAIN HOLDING FARMERS BACK

Large Per Cent Of Corn Crop Still Uplanted—Tobacco Plants Getting Ready for Hill

For the past two weeks, the rain which has been falling almost daily, has been very effective in holding up the farmers in putting underway this year's crops.

It is estimated that not over 50 per cent of the corn crop has been planted yet.

Many farmers throughout the country have not even had an opportunity to prepare their land for corn planting, owing to the wet condition of the ground.

Tobacco plants are getting ready for setting out now, and the planters are particularly anxious for a dry season in which to get their ground ready for tobacco planting before the earlier plants are outgrown.

However, the outlook for 1919 crops is by no means depressing as there is still time for a comparatively early start for both corn and tobacco.

Among those who have already begun planting tobacco are the Richman Bros., who have seven acres out already; Mr. Bailey Atkins and Mr. Fred Harned who have nine acres to their credit.

The greatest damage is perhaps suffered by the strawberries which seem to have suffered more than from a frost.

During the 30 days in April, the rainfall in this vicinity amounted to 4.3 inches.

The first eight days in May the rain has already amounted to 6.8 inches, or more than all that fell during the entire month of April.

Clarke-Maiben.

Formal announcement of the engagement of Miss Margaret Maiben, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Maiben, of Tenth and High Streets, Logansport, Ind., to Mr. William Clarke, a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Clark, of Owensboro, was made at an Easter breakfast given at the bride's home on last Sunday. Miss Maiben is a popular member of the younger social circles of Logansport, who attended the Margaret Morrison college at Pittsburg. Mr. Clark, who graduated from Kentucky university before taking up his work with the Pennsylvania railroad at Logansport, is a member of the Phi Delta Theta fraternity, as well as a member of the Tau Beta Pi, an honorary engineering fraternity. The wedding will take place in June. A number of social functions have been planned for the bride-elect.—Messenger.

Lacerated By Wire.

S. W. Hall, of the Herndon vicinity, stuck a piece of rusty wire into his foot one day this week while walking in his orchard. It entered between two toes and penetrated several inches and was pulled out with much difficulty. Mr. Hall came to town Thursday to have the wound dressed.

Owensboro's Big Day.

Sunday was perhaps the greatest day in the history of the Third Baptist church since it was dedicated over a decade ago under the leadership of F. D. Hale. There were 1,311 present at Sunday school and it was estimated about 1,500 were really in the building as a number of names were not obtained. Rev. J. R. Black, one of the best Sunday school teachers and organizers in the entire South, addressed the Baraca and Convention Bible classes which filled the lower auditorium of the church. Rev. Black approved the plans for enlarging the Sunday school quarters with the idea of doing it now.—Messenger.

Tomato, Cabbage and Pepper Plants at METCALFE'S.

St. Louis Fur Sale

St. Louis, May 6.—One hundred thousand mink pelts constituted the largest offering on the International Fur Exchange today. Prices at the morning session on mink ranged from \$2 for poor grades to \$19.75 for choice pelts.

Otter, for which manufacturing furriers predicted a strong demand this year, sold up to \$50.50 a pelt. This fur is used for men's overcoat collars and trimming women's apparel. The total lot of 4,700 otter brought over \$91,000.

Advances announced here: Northern otter, 20 per cent, and southern otter, 10 per cent.

GOVERNMENT GIVES AUTO TRUCKS TO STATES

Washington, May 7.—Twenty-thousand motor trucks, worth \$45,000,000 are to be given to the states by the Federal Government, with the proviso that they be used for road construction, the Department of Agriculture announced today.

Playerphone Talking Machines. Play any make records. At Kirkwoods Drug Store.

Frankel's BUSY STORE INCORPORATED

MAY SALE

OF

WHITE GOODS

Starts Saturday, May 10, and Continues 5 Days Only
Cash Only Buys---Nothing Laid Aside, Sent On Approval or C. O. D.

\$2.50 BLEACHED DEMASK, \$1.75.

Bleached Table Damask, 72 inches wide, warranted Linen Weft, best \$2.50 value. Sale price the yard

\$1.75

\$3.50 BLEACHED LINEN DAMASK, \$2.50.

Fine Bleached all Linen Satin Damask, 72 inches wide. Worth \$3.50 a yard. (Three patterns to select from.) On sale for the yard

\$2.50

\$1.00 MERCERIZED DAMASK, 65c

Mercerized Damask; 54 inches wide, Dice Pattern; especially good for Hotels, Boarding Houses and Restaurants. \$1.00 yard value. On sale for the yard

65c

\$1.25 MERCERIZED DAMASK, \$1.00

Mercerized Satin Finish Table Damask; 64 inches wide; a grade that sells for \$1.25 a yard. Priced special the yard

\$1.00

18c BLEACHED DOMESTIC, 15c

1,000 yards good quality Soft Finish yard wide Bleached Domestic. 18c value. Priced special the yard

15c

18c UNBLEACHED DOMESTIC, 15c

1500 yards Genuine Boston LL Heavy Yard Wide Unbleached Domestic; 18c value. Priced special the yard

15c

BROWN KITCHEN CRASH, 15c

Linen Weft Brown Crash; of a good heavyweight; for general use; the regular price is 19c a yard. On sale for the yard

15c

\$3.00 DIMITY BED SPREADS, \$2.25.

Dimity Bed Spreads; size 80x90 inches; for large double beds. The ideal summer spread. \$3.00 value. On sale for each

\$2.25

\$1.75 HEMMED SHEETS, \$1.35.

5 dozen Bleached Hemmed Sheets; sizes 81x99 inches; of a good heavy quality; \$1.75 value. Priced Special each

\$1.35

HEMMED HUCK TOWELS, 12 1-2c

20 dozen Soft Finish Huck Face Towels; of a good size and our former 19c Towel. Sale Price each

12 1-2c

25c FACE TOWELS, 19c.

50 dozen Large Size Bleached Hemmed Tuck Towels; with Neat Red Borders; a regular 25c value. Sale Price each

19c

Per Dozen, \$2.00.

HEMMED NAPKINS, \$1.25.

Mercerized Damask Napkins; in the 15 inch sizes; Hemmed and Ready for use; sell in the regular way for \$1.50 a dozen. Sale Price per dozen

\$1.25

TWO YARDS WIDE SHEETING, 45c

Bleached Sheetings, full two yards wide, and of a heavy full Standard Quality; our regular 55c quality. Special Price a yard

45c

50c WHITE FLAXON, 35c

Plain White Flaxon, 338 inches wide, in a nice sheer quality; suitable for Waists and Dresses; a 50c quality. Specially priced for the yard

35c

\$1.50 WHITE ORGANIE, \$1.25.

Super Transparent White Organie, very sheer and filmy; 48 inches wide; \$1.50 quality. Priced Specially the yard

\$1.25

75c WHITE ORGANIE, 59c

White Organie, of a fine sheer quality, 38 inches wide, that usually sells at 75c a yard. Sale Price a yard

59c

SHOE DEPARTMENT



LOTS 1917 AND 614

Women's White Canvas Colonials with Buckles and Wood Covered Louis Heels, A, B, C, and D widths. Special Price

\$1.95

LOT 1250

Women's White Canvas Welt Pumps, Covered Heel, and splendid style and value. Special price

\$2.95

LOT 52

Growing Girl's White Canvas Pumps, Low Heels A, B and C widths. Special price

\$2.75

NEWEST WHITE SKIRTINGS

Don't fail to see our line of White Skirtings; we have all the newest weaves; in plain and fancies. Price yard from

50c to \$1.25

30c ENGLISH NAINSOOK, 25c

English Nainsook; 36 inches wide Soft Finish. A regular 30c grade. Sale price the yard

25c

\$3.50 BOLT SHEER NAINSOOK, \$2.65

50 pieces White and Colored Sheer Mercerized Nainsook; yard wide. Suitable for Children's Dresses and Women's Waists and Lingerie; \$3.50 bolt quality. Priced Special the bolt (10 yards)

\$2.65

\$1.25 YARD WHITE VOILES, 75c

250 yards, Imported Ivory White Voiles, 45 inches wide. Extra fine and sheer quality. \$1.25 value. Priced Special the yard

75c

\$2.50 BOLT WHITE LONG CLOTH, \$1.98

50 bolts (10 yards each) of good quality white Long Cloth, our regular \$2.50 Bolt quality. Priced Special the bolt (10 yards)

\$1.98

50c WHITE DRESS VOILES, 39s

White Dress Voiles, an extra good grade with wide Tape Salvage; 38 inches wide; a special value at 50c a yard. Priced special the yard

39c

25c PAJAMAS

JEFF J. GARROTT'S Closing Out Sale!

Having sold my farm, 4 miles south of Pembroke, Ky., and proposing to discontinue the occupation of farming, I shall on

Wednesday, May 14th, 1919

on the premises offer at Public outcry to the highest bidder my entire farming equipment, which is made up of the most complete and up-to-date machinery, tools, stock, etc., consisting in part of the following:

1 Avery Undermounted Double Cylinder Steam Engine, 22 horse power. 1 "36-60" Geiser Western Special Separator. This threshing outfit is conceded to be one of the most superior in Western Kentucky.

1 unmounted steel six barrel Frick Water Tank with Pump and Hose.

1 mounted steel Geiser five barrel Water Tank with Pump and Hose.

Thresher Cook Wagon with Stove, vessels and Tableware. Tool wagon.

1 20-40 Case Kerosene Tractor and Newell Sanders six disc plow.

Extra lot of Farm Work. Mules, Driving Mare, 20 head of Polled Durhams, and Grade Shorthorn Cows with calves at side and bred to registered Angus and Hereford Bulls. Two grade Jersey Milk Cows, giving milk. 1 grade Red Cow, fresh. 1 Duroc Boar and 60 Shoots.

International Silo Filler complete.

6-ft. Deering Mowers, Side Delivery Hay Rakes, Sulky Hay Rakes, Hay Tedder, Hay Hoist, Deering Corn Binder, Sled Corn Cutter, McColm Roller and Pulverizer, Drag Harrow, Cutaway Disc Harrow, Hay-dock Weeder, Corn Sheller, Hay Carriers and Ropes, several hundred yds. of Woven Wire Fence 26 in. to 47 in. high, lot Cotton Wheat Bags, lot of Binder Twine, New Wagon Sheets, Manson Campbell's Wheat Fan, three Row Marker, Cider Mill, Alfalfa Drill, Superior 12 Disc Fertilizer, Wheat Drills, Oat Cutter, Wood Saw.

BE HERE ON THE GROUND WHEN THE SALE BEGINS
Col. H. L. Igelhart Will Begin Promptly at 10 o'clock a. m. and With His
...Usual Good Humor, Courtesy and Dispatch, Will Help You Determine
the Value of the Different Articles.

TERMS—The Avery Engine and Separator will be offered one-third of the purchase price due Sept. 1st, 1919, one-third Sept. 1st, 1920, and the balance Sept. 1st, 1921, all notes to be amply secured and bear six per cent interest from date of sale. On the 20-40 Case Kerosene Tractor and Plow the same terms will apply as in case with steam engine and separator.

On all other sales, all sums of \$10.00 or less cash, sums of more than \$10.00 due and payable on or before 12 months after date with 6 per cent interest from date with approved security, or 2 per cent off for cash, except where special terms are made known at the time of the offering, and the right to reject any bid made under the special terms is reserved.

It will be impossible for me in so short a time to mail a personal invitation to each and everybody that I want to see here on that day, but I hope you will accept this as a special invitation to come.

Remember sale is to begin at 10 o'clock standard time. I shall undertake to get prepared a sufficient dinner.

JEFF J. GARROTT, Pembroke, Ky., R. R. No 1

**STORAGE WHEAT SELLS
FOR \$2.73 A BUSHEL**

**LIGHT WEIGHT JUDGE WHIPS
A HEAVY WEIGHT DEPUTY**

Columbus, Ill., May 8.—It is reported that the wheat threshed last year on the Hanna farm, near Epworth, has been sold by H. S. and C. P. Hanna for \$2.73 per bushel, a Mt. Vernon, Ind., milling company being the purchaser. The total number of bushels is reported to be around 8,000. The owners have ample storage room and believed that the crop would be worth more later in the season than at threshing time.

A Real Apology.
We wish to apologize to Mrs. Oliver Overholt. In our paper last week we had as a heading, "Mrs. Overholt's Big Feet." The word we had ought to have used is a French word, pronounced the same way, it means a celebration, and is considered a very tony word.—Williamsville, (N. D.) Item.

Remember, Mother Tomorrow. Use Flowers. Metcalfe has them.

J. C. JOHNSON

T. P. JOHNSON

Johnson Bros.
PENNYROYAL BUILDING

REAL ESTATE
COUNTRY AND CITY

We Have Some of the Best Farms in the County and Possession of Some Can Be Given at Once.

PHONE : 244

100 Standard Make Automobile Tires

At Reduced Prices

Largest and most complete stock in Hopkinsville, both Cord and Fabric Tires. We offer at special prices during this sale the following well known Standard makes:

**United States, Portage, Revere, Mansfield,
Goodyear, Batavia and Mohawk**

SIZE	NONSKID	TUBES	SIZE	NONSKID	TUBES
30x3	\$14.35	\$2.65	32x4	\$28.85	\$3.95
30x3 1-2	\$18.75	\$3.10	33x4	\$30.25	\$4.20
35x3 1-2	\$20.00	\$3.20	34x4	\$31.85	\$4.35
31x4	\$27.75	\$3.85			

Ask for Special prices if interested in larger sizes of Cord or Fabric Tires.

All above prices net, no war tax. Not "Seconds," but "FIRSTS." These prices will save you money, so come in early while we have your size in stock.

CAYCE-YOST COMPANY

INCORPORATED.

**PEACE TERMS
TO GERMANY**

(Continued From Page One)

Germany to make initial payment of \$4,000,000,000 to reimburse civilians for damages.

Must accept responsibility for all damages to allied nations and governments.

Must pay damage to ships ton for ton.

Reparations to be secured by a bond issue by Germany.

Germany must reinstate prewar "most favored nations" tariffs.

Put prevent unfair competition with allied and associated nation's trade.

Must devote her economic resources to rebuilding devastated regions.

German navy is reduced to six battle ships, six light cruisers and six torpedo boats.

Cannot have submarines.

All German forts for 36 miles east of the Rhine to be razed.

All Helgoland fortifications to be demolished.

International labor code created.

Commission created for plebiscite in Malmedy on question of unification with Belgium; Schleswig on question of returning to Denmark; and East Prussia on question of joining Poland.

Germany surrenders her fourteen colonies.

Germany cedes:

To Belgium—382 sq. miles.

To Poland—27,686 sq. miles.

To France—5,600 sq. miles.

France is given Saar coal mines.

Germany renounces all rights in China, Morocco, Egypt.

Allies reserve right to collect indemnities from Germany for Russia.

Germany cedes Shantung peninsula to Japan.

Germany munitions plants must be closed two weeks after treaty is signed.

Allies will retain German hostages until those responsible for war crimes are delivered.

Germany must make initial payment of \$4,000,000,000 indemnity and total schedule is to be fixed by inter-allied commission before May 1, 1921.

Germany must pay for acts of cruelty, make reparations for maltreatment of prisoners and pay for enforced labor by civilians, levies or fines.

Germany abrogates treaty of Brest-Litovsk.

Kiel canal is internationalized.

Germany must replace books and prints taken from libraries and restore famous churches.

Germany recognizes Belgian sovereignty over Moresnet.

Germany renounces all claim on Luxembourg.

Germany must pay Belgium's war debts to allies.

Germany must restore Koran of Caliph Othman and restore flags taken in war 1870-1871.

Germany must pay total cost of armies of occupation from the day of armistice until they are withdrawn.

**SEWANEE-VANDY
TRACK MEET**

In Nashville this afternoon. Dope is Strongly On Sewanee to Win—Vandy Promises Surprise.

Sewanee and Vanderbilt meet this afternoon in Nashville for their annual dual track meet.

Sewanee has already walked away with first place in the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic Association meet this spring, making a total of 42 points. This was a large majority, as Georgia Tech who came second had only nineteen points to her credit.

Hammond, the Sewanee track star, last year won a national reputation in the Pennsylvania pentathlon.

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**PASTOR IS
INSTALLED**

Rev. Charles Brevard, Formally Made
Pastor of the Presbyterian
Church.

Rev. Charles Brevard, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, was formally installed Wednesday evening at a special service that included a discourse delivered by Dr. Proxler, of Mayfield. The charge of the pastor was delivered by Dr. Flannigan of Madisonville and the charge to the congregation by Dr. Proxler.

The auditorium was beautifully decorated for the occasion with flowers and plants. Dr. Brevard has been preaching to the local church for a year or more, but had not been formally installed.

Tomato, Cabbage and Pepper Plants at METCALFE'S.

It will probably be the wettest Derby ever run in Kentucky.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**



And We Say To You---

You'd better begin to build now.

You will not only pay more later for material, but you run the risk of not getting your house built at all--No decline in sight.

Forbes Mfg. Co.

INCORPORATED

NECESSARY NOW TO SETTLE UP IF WE MAY SETTLE DOWN

TOO EARLY FOR HISTORIANS TO
BEGIN THEIR STORIES OF
THE GREAT STRUGGLE.

NEED MUCH CLEANING UP

Country in Wonderful Condition to
Carry On Reconstruction
Work.

With Germany vanquished, the League of Nations outlined and taking shape, and the armies demobilizing and returning to their homes, it may look like the war is over and all that remains to be done is for the historians to sit down and begin to tell the story of the struggle.

But there is a tremendous amount of clearing up still to be done. The world has just been swept by a tremendous tornado, the tornado of the Great War. Across Europe it has left a wake of dethrown kings and smashed governments. There is chaos from the White Sea to the Adriatic and from the Ural Mountains to the English Channel.

As a matter of plain fact, about the only expense of the war that has really stopped is the fighting expense, the cost of sending guns and shells to the soldiers and of raising and arming and feeding more armies to keep up our armed strength. That part of the expense has stopped, but just about all the rest of it is going on and will continue to go on. You can't down a war machine such as we built for ourselves and straightway stop its cost overnight.

There is a merchant marine to keep on the seas, if we are to go on and have world markets. There is the job of putting all these soldiers back into industry. Both these things will take money and one of the ways the government has of getting the money is to sell you Victory Notes.

When this loan is complete and the last solicitor has turned in his list of subscriptions, this country ought to have money enough to go ahead with its after-war plans of rehabilitating the soldier, completing the demobilization of the army, looking after the naval and army appropriations and programs and seeing to it that we have an American merchant fleet on the seas.

If we all do our duty in the Victory Loan this money will be available and the nation can go on with its great plans for prosperity and plenty, as well as peace, in the years of the future.

Settle Up to Settle Down.

But before the world can settle down in its new ways or even in its old ways of work and quiet, there must be a general re-organization in Europe. This country cannot turn its back on a half-completed job and leave the European situation in such a condition that there might be another catastrophe.

In order to get ahead with the job this country must keep control of itself; it must look ahead and it must have the money in hand with which to get on with the rest of the job. We have hardly been touched by the war. Our dead in battle will number very little more than 70,000. Our casualties are very small indeed compared with those of France, Italy and England. Our man-power has hardly been touched. Our financial resources have hardly been tapped.

We are in the best position to finance an after-the-war loan of any country in the world. Labor has been exceptionally well paid during the last four years and wages have not begun to decline in many of the industries. The farmer in America has had a period of unexampled high prices and his prices are still very high.

Both labor and the farmer are in a position to respond strongly to the last loan. They have their years of good times to look back upon and those times are not ended as yet.

Capital, too, is in a fortunate position to help in handling the Victory Loan. During the first years of the struggle all the allied nations were heavy buyers at high prices. Our own entrance into the war, while it materially reduced profits in many lines greatly increased the volume of business and gave all manufacturing plants that got war orders a splendid chance to make money. Capital is expected to take an even larger share of the Victory Loan than it did of the preceding ones.

It ought to be easy for us to furnish "the sinews" wherewith to get on with winning the rest of the war. The "back wash" of the struggle has not caught us and it will never catch us if we get in and back up the government with our money as successfully and whole-heartedly as the men who fought its battles only a few months ago.

The plain truth is that if we want peace and prosperity we must finance it. The government will do its part if the people do theirs. The people, however, must act first. The money must be in the hands of the government before anything can be done toward carrying out various plans.

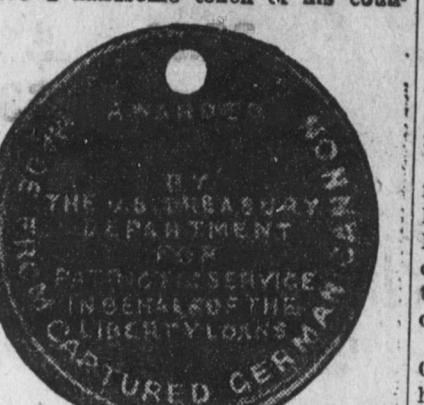
Medals From Captured Hun Guns for Workers

Every Victory Liberty Loan worker in the Eighth Federal Reserve District will be given a medal made from cannon captured by American soldiers from Germany in the war that has just been won—all but finishing the job.

These medals, both sides of which are shown in the accompanying illus-



trations, are made of the highest grade of steel, and are splendid specimens of art, and the possessor will have a handsome token of his coun-



try's acknowledgment for service rendered. The awarding of the medals will not be made until the close of the campaign.

A supply of blank certificates will be sent to each county chairman so that he can issue a certificate to each Victory Liberty Loan worker entitled to receive a medal. The names are to be sent in to headquarters on proper blanks by the county chairman so that medals can be sent to each worker to whom the certificates have been issued. These certificates and blanks will be sent to county chairmen within a few days.

LOAN DETAILS FOR A READY REFERENCE.

The following details of the Victory Liberty Loan will be found convenient by those requiring a ready reference:

Amount of loan, \$4,500,000,000.

Maturity of loan, May 20, 1923.

Redeemable at option of United States, June 15 or December 15, 1922.

Date of Notes, May 20, 1919.

Rate of interest, 4% per cent.

First interest date, December 15, 1919.

Regular interest periods, June 15 and December 15.

Denomination of Bonds.

Coupon or registered bonds will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, and \$10,000. Registered bonds will also be issued in denominations of \$50,000 and \$100,000.

Initial Payment—10 per cent by the subscriber to his bank with his application on or before May 10.

Installment Payments—July 15, 10 per cent; August 12, 20 per cent; September 9, 20 per cent; October 7, 20 per cent; November 11, 20 per cent.

Payments in full will be allowed with application when the amount of notes applied for does not exceed \$10,000.

Payment on subscriptions made to the government installment plan can be completed on any installment date with accrued interest, but no completion of such payments can be made except on installment dates.

APPEAL FROM OUR PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

To the American People:

"We have had the opportunity here in France to see and realize the magnitude of the accomplishments of our country in this war and the magnificent spirit with which this great task has been carried through to a triumphant issue."

"What has been done and what remains to be done before normal conditions are restored demand your continued and united support with the same spirit of self-sacrifice and of determination as that which was manifested by the nation while the German armies faced our men at the Marne, and in the Champagne, at St. Mihel and in the Argonne."

"We must not relax our efforts until every soldier of the republic is landed on the soil of America."

"To finish this mighty task imposes upon the government of the United States a great fiscal burden. The Victory Liberty Loan must thrive. If it should fail it would indicate that the nation is willing to leave its task incomplete."

"To secure the ideals for which Americans fought and died, this great demand on national patriotism and united effort should meet a generous and universal response. Let us all do our duty to the end."

ROBERT LANSING,
HENRY WHITE,
E. M. HOUSE,
T. N. BLISS.

And it will be if all loan workers are loyal and if all the people express their "Yes"! A way will

PAYS FOR PUTTING THE KING BUSINESS DOWN WITH FRITZ

THOSE WHO HATED DEMOCRACIES ARE EITHER DEAD OR DON'T KNOW IT.

IT IS WORTH THE PRICE NOT INVESTMENT ALONE

Only When a King Stood as a Man Has He Lingered on the Scene.

The kaiser hated democracies. And the kaiser sits by the fireplace at Amerongen. He is an old man, with a withered arm and his hair is getting thin. An old woman sits on the other side of the fireplace. Not long ago she was the empress of Germany and lived at Potsdam.

Somewhere in what used to be imperial Russia, Czar Nicholas died and to this day no man knoweth his grave, or the grave of his Czarina or of the royal children. The Czar had no love for democracy either.

Charles of Austria? Lost somewhere in the volcanic twistings of central Europe with she who used to be the Empress Zita. Charles, well, he came of the autocrats of all autocrats, the Hapsburgs. They were no lovers of democracies.

And who recalls Constantine of Greece, and Sophia, who used to be his queen? They are chaff in the hurricane of democracy, dust in the winds of liberty.

Or Ferdinand of Bulgaria? The "Fox of the Balkans." In what hole does the fox who barked like a Prussian hide?

Big and little, they are going. There is no need to call the roll of royalty or read the Almanach de Gotha. A score of the rulers who believed in the divine rights of kings have gone. Some of them were kings and some of them were grand dukes, but the thrones are vacant now.

Only when a king stood as a man as well as a king has he lingered. There is Albert of Belgium, who is more of democrat than a king, and the ruler of England he, too, has measured up or doubtless he would have gone into the deep pits of oblivion in the days of the war.

The people of the world are going to rule themselves. And we here in America are largely responsible for what has happened. In the first place, we set the example of a powerful republic, of a great representative government. We showed that it could be done.

Flattening Autocracy.

Then we came into the war and every blow we struck was crumpling ancient thrones, smashing kings and flattening autocracy. It cost us something like \$30,000,000,000 or will cost us that amount before we are through, to give the king business a set-back but it has been worth all it cost.

The world has had its lesson. To the world in general, to human beings everywhere, all the blood and treasure that has been spent was money spent for a bargain. It has in fact been cheap at the price to crush militarism, end the menace of Hunland's kultur, and smash up the king business all at once.

How much did the Liberty Loans do toward sweeping the kings off the earth? Every loan was like a tidal wave of dollars smashing and jarring the strongest and solidest of these thrones. In the end they crumpled. The pressure had become terrific. The human beings on whose backs these thrones rested revolted and flung the thrones away.

The Victory Liberty Loan will finish the job; including that part of it that will sweep kings from the earth. Freedmen everywhere will rejoice at that. In America we have never loved a king. It will afford us all a real satisfaction to feel that the dollars that go into the Fifth, last and Victory Liberty Loan will be helping to insure that the old, autocratic idea of government is gone and that it will never return to again plague mankind.

EASY IF WE ARE SALESMEN.

The terms of the loan are so liberal that there should be no difficulty in securing the full quota assigned to this district.

In addition to the patriotic appeal to support the government in meeting its obligations, the investment the loan offers is very attractive. In fact, it is so good that the man or woman of limited means, who doesn't have to bother about surtaxes, should invest every possible dollar and exhaust his or her credit.

The market offers nothing else so attractive. The security is the best in the world. The rate of 4% per cent is liberal and the date of maturity is only four years ahead.

So all loan workers who understand the first principles of salesmanship have an easy task before them. If a prospective buyer doesn't respond to the patriotic appeal, you have an argument that will attract any one with the slightest sense of investment value.

The only danger is that you may slacken your efforts because the loan is for a billion and a half less than you anticipated. But don't forget that our task is to raise \$45 for every man, woman and child in the United States. It will be easy to sell only if the matter is properly presented. That requires salesmen and saleswomen.

LOOK OUT FOR THE SHARKSHUNTING IN PATRIOTIC WATERS

UNPatriotic Persons Pass Up VICTORY NOTES FOR LIBERTY BOND "BARGAINS."

ONLY ONE PLACE FOR SURPLUS MONEY AND THAT IS IN THE VICTORY LOAN.

Some curious reasons are being given for not supporting the Victory Loan. And curious is not exactly the word to describe some of these alleged reasons.

Take the case of the citizen who says: "What do I want to buy Victory Notes for when I can buy the other issues at 95 cents on the dollar?"

You meet him. Every day you hear him giving utterances to that sort of reasoning. And yet he would insist if questioned that he was an American citizen and would loudly protest if any one should call him unpatriotic.

But is he a patriot, this particular kind of a knocker who goes about voicing such opinions? Is any man a patriot who uses the cold dollar and cents argument in such a manner?

Who refuses to buy Victory Notes because he thinks he can make a few extra dollars by taking advantage of some unfortunate who is no longer in a position to hold to the bonds that he paid 100 cents on the dollar for?

There is an investment feature in the Liberty Bond of course. And it is an extraordinarily good investment when the safety of the principal and the certainty of the interest is considered. There is no better security in the world. Everything the United States now is and everything that it will be for another generation stands back of every dollar that has been put into Liberty Bonds.

Cold and Crafty Buyers.

But there is something more to be considered than the coldly commercial buying of the bonds. They mean so much more than that. They mean so much to the immediate future and the far future of this America of ours that the element of patriotism must enter into their buying and selling. Every Liberty Bond in existence represents some part of the future of America. It will be for another generation stands back of every dollar that has been put into Liberty Bonds.

There is just one place for surplus money and surplus savings to go at the present time and that is into the notes of the Fifth and last loan, the Victory issue.

All the pleas that such a course as buying up the old bonds at a reduction is good business should be brushed aside. It is not good business. In the long run it might be the worst sort of business. This Fifth and last loan must go over. Its very name, the "Victory Loan," ought to insure that it will be oversubscribed without any great trouble. Every dollar of the issue will be needed in the next year, or else it would not have been called. Anything that tends to slow it up or lessen the amount of ready money that may be put into it is hurting the best interests of the nation by just so much.

The man who has any money with which to buy Liberty Bonds needs a reminder that the one place for that money to go is into the "Victory" issue. There is nothing very patriotic about sniping around on the financial outskirts and trying to pick up Liberty Bonds, worth every cent of their face value, at 90 to 95 cents on the dollar.

Watch for these "sharks" who are hunting in patriotic waters. They are a menace to the success of the last and Victory Loan, and the fewer of them who succeed the better.

DISREGARD ROORBACKS!

Work For the Victory Liberty Loan.

Pay no attention to reports that the war loan is for bankers.

The Victory Liberty Loan is the people's loan.

The American people are expected to support it as enthusiastically as the others.

Secretary Glass says that the distribution must be nation-wide.

The "higher patriotism" of the people must be enlisted.

The loan is for the people; and the people are true.

Show them their duty; they will do it.

Liberty Loan workers of the Eighth Federal Reserve District! It is your duty to enlist the people for the Victory Loan. You must continue your efforts for the success of the government financing.

Let no loyal loan worker resign!

The Victory Liberty Loan will have the whole strength of the United States behind it. It will be the safest investment in the world. It ought to strengthen America whether that strength is to be used in peace or in war.

The Leopard Can't Change His Spots

By C. M. MORRISON.

THE MAN who whipped the Hun knows the Hun better than any one else in the world. That man is Field Marshal Ferdinand Foch, commander of all the allied armies in Europe, and who repeats that the leopard cannot change its spots.

"We must stay on the Rhine," says Foch. "We must doublelock the door." The man who says this is the allied general who was given the well-nigh super-human task of stopping the Huns when they were beating back the allies one little year ago.

"Remember," says he, "those 70,000,000 of Germans will always be a menace to us. They are an envious and warlike people. Their characteristics are not changed. Fifty years hence they will be what they are today. Do not trust the appearances of the moment."

Those of us who have been telling ourselves that "the war is over" and that maybe "the Germans will settle down pretty soon and go about their business in a peaceful manner" will do well to ponder rather deeply what Marshal Foch says.

His utterances on the very eve of the final action on the peace treaties indicate the dread, the utter distrust of the Huns that is felt by their neighbors.

"The next time," says General Foch, "remember that Germany will make no mistake. They will break through into northern France and seize the channel ports as a base of operations against England. They failed the last time because they did not believe England would come in and when they saw she was coming in it was too late to change their plans."

"You think," he added, "the Germans will have no arms for another attack? Ho! Ho! How do you know? By the time you had found out that they had

ROSCOE T. JETT, D. V. M.

Veterinarian

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RESIDENCE PHONE 572

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Hopkinsville Coffee Co., Incorporated, receives coffee direct, roasts every day. Roasted coffee is cooked food and should be immediately used to get full value of aroma, taste and strength.

Progress : Efficiency : Economy
Telephone No. 300.

RAILROAD TIME SCHEDULE

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R. North Bound

332 leaves at 5:35 a. m. for Princeton, Paducah, Cairo and Evansville.
302 leaves at 11 a. m. for Princeton, connects for East and West.
324 leaves at 8:05 for Princeton.
South Bound.
323 arrives at Princeton at 7:10 a. m.
321 arrives from West at 4:10 p. m.
301 arrives from East and West at 6:45 p. m.

TENNESSEE CENTRAL R. R. East Bound.

12 leaves for Nashville at 7:15 a. m.
14 leaves for Nashville at 4:15 p. m.
West Bound.
11 arrives from Nashville at 10:35 a. m.
13 arrives from Nashville 8:00 p. m.

C. L. WADLINGTON, Agent

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

South Bound.
No. 53.....5:45 a. m.
No. 55 Accommodation.....6:45 a. m.
No. 95.....8:57 a. m.
No. 51.....5:57 p. m.
No. 93.....1:01 a. m.
North Bound.
No. 92.....5:24 a. m.
No. 52.....10:05 a. m.
No. 94, Dixie Flyer.....8:19 p. m.
No. 56 Accommodation.....9:15 p. m.
No. 54.....10:19 p. m.
No. 91—Due.....9:55 a. m.
No. 90—Due.....2:30 p. m.
W. N. CHANDLER, Ticket Agent

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AT ONCE
Nurses in Training
Jennie Stuart
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The Doughboy's Aversions

1. Cowardice.
2. Selfishness.
3. Braggadocio.

These, in the estimation of the American doughboy, are the three cardinal sins of the soldier. And equally they must be shunned by every American citizen, especially on the eve of the Victory Loan.

Cowardice: This weakness rarely crops out among American fighters and it is despicable quite as much in civil life as on the field of battle. The coward in the Victory Loan campaign is the contemptible individual who listens to the pro-German propagandists and fails to do his or her duty toward making the Victory Loan the great success it must be if we are to fulfill all our pledges to our fighters, our allies and the great human family.

Selfishness: On the firing line this mean trait occasionally manifests itself in the man who thinks more of his own skin than he does of his comrade's life. In ordinary associations we see more of it. Fortunately, selfishness can do little harm in the Victory Loan campaign. Self-interest will prompt even those whose guide and rule of conduct it is in almost everything to realize that their own future prosperity depends upon the success of the Victory Loan—the safest and best investment they can make.

The more Government notes they buy for cash or on time payments, the better off they will be in this world's goods no matter if they ignore other and higher considerations.

Braggadocio: The typical Hun is a combination of brag and bluster and sniveling and cringing. The American fighter has taken the "B" out of "brag" so far as the Hun is concerned, and he will not tolerate bragging even among his own kind. The civilian should follow the fighter's example. Don't brag. Don't attempt to glorify yourself by telling what you have done for the government, no matter how many bonds of previous issues you have bought, or helped to sell to others; it is no time for bragging. Get busy and make a success of the Victory Liberty Loan.

In his description of the doughboy, Chaplain Ewert declared he got his name for two reasons. First, because his secretary is a baker, and secondly, because he is the flower of the American Army, and like all good dough, he is always on hand when needed. In his appeal to support the Victory Loan the Chaplain said:

"The man whose heart does not respond in gratitude for what the boys did in France, and who forgets or quits in this hour for gratitude, or fails to do what he can, is an ingrate and a quitter. We must match in service the sacrifice of the men who now lie in their graves in France. We have reason to believe that all the states in the Eighth Federal Reserve District will measure up to their standard when the Victory Loan is inaugurated. The Victory Loan must measure up to the devotion of the boys overseas and there should be no let-down until the last dollar of indebtedness has been paid and the last boy over there comes home."

APPEALS TO THE INDIANS

Cato Sells in Discussion of War Savings Draws a Lesson For Everybody.

Cato Sells, commissioner of Indian affairs, has made an appeal to workers in the Indian service to do everything possible to help make a success of the 1919 War Savings campaign. Mr. Sells not only gives a searching analysis of the motives for thrift, but suggests a plan for making the thrift movement an instrument for bringing the Indian to his full stature of independent, self-reliant citizenship.

The commissioner urges the workers to bring home to the Indians, particularly the young and middle-aged, the immediate and lasting benefits of savings made with a right purpose. This practice, he points out, must have a worthy aim as its economic virtue and when, he says, "boys and girls are thus properly started their little income investments commit them concretely to that aim, and by repetition develop the elements of manly and womanly character."

Mr. Sells sounds the key-note of the government's great thrift campaign, when he says: "I ask you, therefore, to push the sale of Victory Notes and war stamps vigorously as an educational and economic matter no less than a patriotic one, and to do everything practicable to get Indians, young and old, in the way of earning money and saving some part of it, for their investment, and that you discourage cashing such stamps prior to maturity, except in case of extreme need."

What does it mean to you, after all, to know that the guns are no longer roaring in France?

That the Red Whirlpool is vanishing from the face of the earth and that peace is already here?

What does it mean to you to have the lad who went away back home in your own house; back in the home of a neighbor and going on with his affairs?

What does a return to peace mean to you in your home life and your business and everywhere that you go?

What is it worth to you to have conditions getting away from the fog of war and coming back again to normal?

Consider all these things and buy Victory Notes accordingly. There is such a thing as gratitude and appreciation. Let it have a chance at you.

Draw a lesson of patriotism from every soldier you meet on the street. The soldier was willing to risk his life to keep the German hordes out of the United States. He has successfully accomplished his job. Now your job is to see that the soldier is paid his wages, and that those in Europe, who have been asked to stay over there to help to preserve order, are brought back. Are your dollars going to be slackers while the soldiers are still called upon to endure the hardships of military duty along the Rhine?

BUY A SHARE IN VICTORY FIFTH LIBERTY LOAN, APRIL 21- MAY 10.

ALL DRUGGISTS \$1.00 Per Bottle.

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadows, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patterson, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would grip me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before.

I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape.

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."

Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.

NC-125

THE NIGHTMARE OF THE EARTH IS ENDED

Dread of Few Months Ago is Gone and America's Losses Less Than Expected.

Have you noticed that the dread of a year ago has gone? It was heavy on your heart a year ago.

It was about this time that the Germans were forging steadily forward against the French and English. There was a dread in our hearts that the Channel Ports of Calais and Dunkirk must go. You can shut your eyes and see these places on the map. Just as you saw them then when the Huns were pressing down in the neighborhood of Ypres. When they were taking Kemmel Hill and Pecqelle and all the other little places in Flanders, the names of which are indelibly etched on our minds.

It is all so different now. Every day the men are coming back from the war. It is rather foolish to call them boys. They may have been when they went away but they are men now. They are fresh from the front, fresh from the place of horrors that has obsessed men's minds for four years and more.

There isn't any frost any more. It has gone with the rest of the evil dream that the Kaiser was doing his best to make into a reality for all the world.

We can go to sleep these nights without the feeling of impending doom. Without the feeling that the world has come to its end and that a new and terrible universe was to take its place.

The old dread is gone and we hope, forever. Certainly it has gone for this generation. Everything is so different to what it was twelve months ago, or even eight months ago when the tide of battle had begun to turn. The night mare of the earth, that particular nightmare at least, has gone. The fear of what a day might bring has gone.

That of Expected Loss.

Now it is all over. All that calculating of blood and gold and death has ended for America. We escaped with a loss of about 70,000 men dead in France where we had expected to stand a loss ten times as great. The troops are coming home. We have stood on the Rhine where we had longed to stand. We have seen the Kaiser a fugitive from the wrath of his own people and from that of the world.

And before you turn that Victory Liberty Loan solicitor away with some paltry excuse consider all these things:

What does it mean to you, after all, to know that the guns are no longer roaring in France?

That the Red Whirlpool is vanishing from the face of the earth and that peace is already here?

What does it mean to you to have the lad who went away back home in your own house; back in the home of a neighbor and going on with his affairs?

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BUY A SHARE IN VICTORY FIFTH LIBERTY LOAN, APRIL 21- MAY 10.

ALL DRUGGISTS \$1.00 Per Bottle.

TELL YOUR SICK FRIENDS WHAT "INDU"

HAS DONE FOR OTHERS

Tuesday is Positively the Last Day

to Save from \$10 to \$15

on the

Round Oak Pipeless Furnace



Our sales to date have fully justified the reducing of the price of the Round Oak Pipeless Furnace from \$10 to \$15, according to size. Our men are booked ahead, which means elimination of waste of time and effort.

We have been enabled to contract for a large shipment of these heaters, registers and fittings. Our selling cost has been reduced. YOU receive the benefit!

These are the reasons why we can say you money.

Round Oak Pipeless Furnace

The Best Pipeless Furnace on the Market

It will heat your home year after year with a generous volume of pure, warm, moist, ever-changing air, free from dust, gas and smoke.

It will burn any and all fuels successfully and economically. It will hold the fire over night without re-charging, even in zero weather.

The System costs only one-fourth to one-third the price of steam or hot water, yet it responds more quickly. Its results are positive.

It may be easily and quickly installed and ready for service in less than twenty-four hours from the time it is delivered to your home.



10 Star Points of Round Oak Pipeless Supremacy

(The best pipeless furnace on the market)

- ★ 1. Built Absolutely Fire Proof. (See Catalogue.)
- ★ 2. Improved, Gas and Dust Tight Bolted Construction.
- ★ 3. Burns All Fuels Successfully—Economically.
- ★ 4. Strongest—Lasts the Longest. Heavier too.
- ★ 5. Humidifies and Circulates Pure Air.
- ★ 6. Holds the Fire 24 Hours.
- ★ 7. Cool Basement—Delivers All the Heat to the Home.
- ★ 8. Responds more Promptly than a Stove.
- ★ 9. Easily Operated and Quickly Installed.
- ★ 10. Made by "Makers of Good Goods Only."



Valuable Book Free

You should secure one of these free Round Oak Pipeless Books, 9x12, profusely illustrated, which proves all of these claims and describes the other distinctive advantages.

L. E. ADWELL

PLUMBING

Tin Work, Roofing, Guttering, Roof Painting

KENTUCKY BOY SAYS

EUROPE NEEDS FOOD

SPECULATING ON HEADLINES.

(Associated Men.)

Everybody knows that the negro has been a terrific fighter in this war with an honorable record worthy of his race. But there have been moments of fear for him, just as there have been for the white man, for all soldiers say that before they are to go over the top, their greatest fear is of fear itself.

"We Anglo-Saxons shah am some fightahs," said Mose to his friend after the scrimmage was over. But before he went over the top he was not so certain about the heroics.

"What do you all spec de newspaper headlines am goin' to be, Mose?" asked his friend. It was ten minutes to zero hour; the negroes knew that

10,000 white men were supporting them in the rear.

"What do Ah think dem headlines am goin' to be?" answered Mose. "Ten tousand white men tramped to deaf."

Queen of Qualities.

Ambility cannot atone for lack of force. Girls who are smiling and agreeable, but limp and inert in the presence of difficulties, do not command respect. The queen quality is force, and the other graces of character are the maids-in-waiting. One who cannot hammer her way through difficulties falls below the measure of womanhood, no matter how great her personal charm.—Pennsylvania Grit.

Grange Wool Sale

Wednesday, May 21st

At R. E. and W. D. Cooper's Loose Floor,
12th and Water Sts.

At above date and place will be held the Annual Grange Wool sale, held under the auspices of Church Hill and Wheatland Granges. It is expected to offer from 1

Majestic Demonstration Continued--

Forbes Manufacturing Company

Incorporated.

ORGAN RECITAL CHARMS ALL

Mrs. Lupton Plays With Rare Skill to Delightful Hopkinsville Audience, Thursday Evening.

An organ recital given by Mrs. Henry Lupton, of Clarksville, Tenn., at the Methodist church, Thursday evening, furnished music lovers a delightful treat.

The recital was held under the auspices of the Wednesday Morning Music Club.

Mrs. Lupton is a wonderful musician and plays the organ with rare skill.

The program rendered included:

"Finlander..... Sibelius Op. 26 (This is Finland's National Air. The Fins are forbidden to use it in public gatherings.)

"Caprice..... Botting

"Conzonetta"..... Schumann

(a) "Gipsy Life"..... Stone

(b) "Oriental"..... Bird

(a) "Lead Kindly Light"

(b) "Capriccio."

"Rustic March"..... Fumagalli

GRACEY SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

Excellent Programs Rendered On Wednesday and Thursday Evenings.

The Commencement Exercises of the Gracey Graded and High Schools were held on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week.

The programs for both evenings were very interesting, and well carried out. On Wednesday evening a play based on the popular sketch, "Aunt Minerva and William Green Hill" was ably presented by pupils of the Gracey school. Miss Ruby Stewart as Miss Minerva, and Graeme Roberts as Billy, acted the leading roles in a delightful manner.

Another sketch entitled the "Old Maids' Single Blessedness Debating Society," was presented by the young ladies of Gracey in a charming manner.

The program for Thursday evening consisted of:

Invocation..... Rev. Frank Wilson "Over There"..... Chorus Welcome Address..... Helen Hayes Class Will..... John Gaines Hill Keep the Home Fires Burning Chorus

Hand Grenade Presentation..... Abbie Meacham "Smiles"..... Chorus Airship Prophecy..... Frank Cox Class Address..... Supt. L. E. Foster Awarding of Diplomas..... Rev. Frank Wilson "Where D We Go From Here?"..... Chorus

The common school graduates are: Misses Myrtle Bivin, Inez Guthrie, Mildred Gaines, Elsie Guthrie, and Messrs. Gerald Stewart and Allen Hoy Gaines.

Those graduating from High school are: Misses Abbie Meacham, Helen Hayes and Messrs. Frank Cox and John Gaines Hill.

Playerphone Talking Machines. Play any make records. At Kirkwoods Drug Store

On account of unfavorable weather conditions and knowing there are a great many who wished to attend our demonstration of Majestic Ranges who are disappointed on account of the weather, we have decided to continue our Majestic demonstration all of next week.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

Will Select Delegates To State Convention at Courthouse This Afternoon.

Pursuant to call, the Republicans will meet in county convention today in each county of the state to elect delegates to a state convention at Lexington next Wednesday. Christian county is entitled to 46 delegates. The convention will be called to order at one o'clock p. m.

With the nomination of Ed Morrow for governor already settled, in advance, it is the plan to have all

rival candidates submit their claims to the state convention and a state ticket will be made up to be put on the ballot by committee endorsement and thus obviate the necessity of a state primary.

If the Democrats would adopt the same policy, many thousands of dollars would be saved to the state. The primary election law ought to be repealed. It is a big expense to the state and does not result in any better candidates being selected by either party.

"That was not the worst of it," he sobbed, "I have not only referred to it, but by so doing, revealed the fact that a small town outplayed a town six or eight times its size and why did I add the straw that broke the camel's back by saying, it was the second time the thing was done. Why, oh why did I mention such a disgraceful truth?"

"But that is not the worst," he wailed, "I had just realized that I had a 'cazipp,' and I fell off of it and now it has run away. Please won't somebody find my wandering 'cazipp' and let me have it back again, because I am so lonesome all alone!"

We would suggest that the Cadiz Game should have been described so as to speak more reverently of the Cadiz team.

He might have said the Gracey team repeatedly slammed the ball over their hoary headed and otherwise venerable opponents heads.

They flew around the bases, flitting lightly past the reputable as well as moon struck opposition.

He could have added, the pitcher for Gracey twirled in such a manner that the opposition gracefully swung into empty space, the very air (hit air alone) being shattered with the famous but otherwise futile blows.

He should have referred to their grandiloquent heroic as well as hopeless efforts to tie the score.

ART PUBLISHER IS KILLED BY WOMAN

Chicago, May 5.—P. F. Volland, forty-six, art publisher, was shot and killed here today by a woman who gave her name as Mrs. Vera Trepagnier, fifty-five, widow of a New Orleans planter.

Police said Mrs. Trepagnier was prompted to shoot Volland because he failed to pay her \$5,000, and royalties promised her when she turned over a miniature of George Washington to him.

Death of E. R. Avant.

Ed R. Avant, aged 69, died at the home of his son-in-law, J. H. Belew, on Walnut St., Thursday afternoon, of cerebral hemorrhage. The body was shipped yesterday to his former home at Water Valley, Miss. He leaves a wife.

Henry T. Shine was appointed Police Judge of Glasgow by Gov. Stanley. Of course he is a bright man.

Mrs. Rives Better.

Mrs. Frank Rives has passed the crisis in her disease and yesterday was reported to be improving.

Not Improving.

Dr. Chas. F. Harrison, whose back was broken in an automobile accident Monday night, is still alive at the Stuart Hospital, but is not improving.

R. Bell Recovering.

Dr. Austin Bell continues to improve slowly, following an attack of spinal meningitis. He is still at the Stuart Hospital.

Rev. A. R. Kasey will preach at Cadiz tomorrow.

In Merchandise And Drugs Stolen At Crofton.

Surrender to Police.

Curry Campbell, colored, aged 14, and Dave Cole, gave themselves up to the police yesterday morning and admitted having broken in W. E. Penn's grocery on the corner of 2nd and R. R. streets. Penn's grocery was burglarized Wednesday night and a quantity of groceries and candies stolen. The boys were suspected and when they found that an arrest was pending, immediately went to police headquarters and admitted the deed. They were lodged in the county jail.

Dr. Doolan's Bulletin Board.

A big bulletin board has been erected in front of the First Baptist church, of the most up-to-date type, upon which the pastor, Dr. Leonard W. Doolan, will announce the subject of his discourses in advance. The subject for Sunday is "All Weathers Are Pleasant When the Heart Is At Rest." The morning sermon will be appropriate to "Mother's Day."

Jones-Lindley.

Mr. William Raymond Jones, of Dugger, Ind., and Miss Lois Naomi Lindley were married Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Lindley.

The house was beautifully decorated for the happy occasion, with flowers and plants. A large wedding bell of white flowers was suspended from the ceiling, under which the ceremony was performed by Rev. E. P. Watson. The attendants were Miss Irene Dougherty and Mr. Ernest Wade and the wedding March was played by Miss Narcissus McKee.

After a visit of several days here, they will go to their home in Indiana.

The bride is a pretty and popular young lady, who has been reigning belle in the Easter part of the county.

Demonstration or Further Information By

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Phone 73

Don't Chuck that Brick

By BILLY SUNDAY

(Famous Evangelist)

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Of all the Writing Ginks that ever Pulled Bright Lines, the most Incandescent, probably, was Big Bill Shakespeare. You can take Pretty Nearly Anything that William ever Tore Off on his Trusty old Single Keyboard, then Size Up a few words from a Sentence, and you'll have to admit that Bill SAID IT.

I was Crashing Through some of the Highgrov Stuff that our Old Pal dashed off, the Other Day, and in that Sketch called "As You Like It," which used to Play the Big Time before the Shuberts and K. & E. were Ever Heard Of, I ran across an expression of Bill's which said there were "Sermons in Stones."

So there Are. There's one Big Sermon in Every Stone. Here it is. "Don't Throw the Stone!"

Do you Make Me?

I mean, DON'T KNOCK.

In my opinion, any Guy that

tosses a pebble at another fellow's Reputation, ought to have the Wool-

worth Building dropped on Top of his Own Bean.

It's an Awful Game, this Knock-

ing. What you Start in a Whisper against the Other Bird, may wind up as a Big Holler through a Mega-

phone, that will put him Out of the

Battle for Keeps. And, once you've Started the Ball Rolling,

it's going to Travel Some. You may say:

"I don't like the Cut of that Guy's Jib."

The Hammer is a fine instrument

—in the Hands of a Blacksmith.

But the Ordinary Citizen ought not to Wield It, especially against the Fellow who is Out of the same Cast.

The Horn is a Lot Better. My

only objection to the Horn is that

Most People confine its use to New

Year's Eve, and don't Blow

Every Day in honor of the Chap

Next Door.

(8)

Oldsmobile

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21ST Year**

THE LONG AND CONSTANTLY INCREASING LIST OF "ORPHAN" AUTOMOBILES PROMPTS THE PRUDENT BUYER TO MAKE HIS SELECTION FROM AMONG THOSE CARS WHOSE MAKERS HAVE PROVEN THEIR STABILITY BEYOND QUESTION.

Six-Cylinder models are built in Touring Cars, Roadsters, Sedans and Coupes.

Eight-Cylinder models are built in Touring Cars, Roadsters and the Peacemaker.

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